In the midst of a gory defensive war, the Association of Ukrainian Polygraph Examiners (Kolegium Poligrafologov Ukrainy) uninterruptedly publishes books and academic journals. Their activities persevered even when Kyiv was bombed and the Russian armies approached the city, leading to the evacuation of most foreign em-
bassies and institutions to the West. New volumes were published in the spring of 2022 (...), which we noted with surprise and admiration. The courage, dedication, and sense of duty demonstrated by our Ukrainian colleagues deserve the highest recognition. There is no doubt that polygraph examinations are invaluable in the work of Ukraine’s intelligence and counterintelligence during the war, as they help to combat espionage and sabotage, and to protect military secrets.

Several new books on polygraph examinations have been published in Ukraine recently, despite the raging war. One of these is *Polygraphology: Basic Terms and Notions*, published jointly with the National Academy of the Ministry of Internal Affairs. It is a concise glossary, only 46 pages long, which organises the terminology associated with polygraph examinations. The glossary is a collective work of thirteen authors, and was edited by Larisa Davidivna Udalova, Sergei Sergeevich Tsherniavskiy, and Diana Aliksieieva-Protsiuk.

The authors of the dictionary represent various fields of expertise, including lawyers, psychologists, and experts in polygraph examinations. They are both academics and practitioners, with some being representatives of the prosecution, military, and police.

The glossary organises and unifies the terminology by naming and defining concepts related to polygraph examination techniques.

It is worth noting that Ukraine has remained in close touch with Western polygraph examiners, particularly from the United States, and makes use of American equipment, especially Axciton and Lafayette, and has adopted American examination techniques. For that reason, the table bringing together English and Ukrainian terms (pp. 40–43) is particularly valuable. The publication is presented in excellent graphic form, enhancing its overall quality.